

## Rural Grocery Succession Planning



#### **WORKER COOPERATIVES**

Thursday, September 15, 2022

#### Featuring:

Melissa Hoover, Executive Director, Democracy at Work Institute

Rob Brown, Director of Business Ownership Solutions, Cooperative Development Institute

# **About this series**

- Monthly webinars hosted throughout 2022
- Continuation of business transition work & Keeping Groceries Alive
- Goals
  - Highlight resource providers
  - Identify key succession planning considerations
  - Present options
  - Share examples of grocery ownership transitions
- Additional resources available at <u>www.ruralgrocery.org</u>.

#### **Our Sponsor**

Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation



# Housekeeping

- This session is being recorded.
- A recording of today's webinar will be available at <u>www.ruralgrocery.org</u>.
- We will leave time at the end of the webinar for Q&A.
- Please use the Q&A feature to post your questions to our presenters.



#### Rural Grocery Succession Planning



#### WORKER COOPERATIVES

Thursday, September 15, 2022 at 1:30 PM



Melissa Hoover Executive Director Democracy at Work Institute



Rob Brown Director of Business Ownership Solutions Cooperative Development Institute

# What is a worker cooperative?

#### IT'S A BUSINESS...+

Operates in the market to make money

... and meet a community need

Values-driven

Has members who own it



#### **MEMBERS?**

Own it Buy a share

Benefit from it Profit sharing

Control it Serve on the Board





#### Cooperative

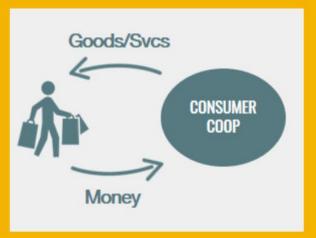
Provides goods or services to its members, which are individuals or businesses.

#### **Worker Cooperative**

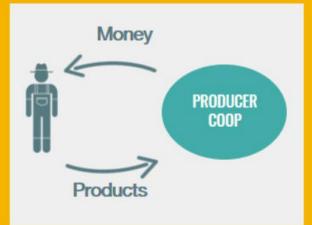
**Employs** (**provides jobs to**) its members,
which are individuals,
to sell goods or
services to the public.

#### Membership: Different Types of Cooperatives

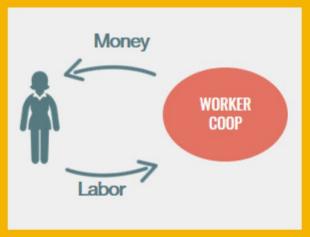
CONSUMER COOP



PRODUCER COOP



WORKER COOP





#### When members are workers...

Wages vs Profit-sharing

Management vs Governance



#### How does a transition to cooperative ownership happen?



#### TRANSITION OVERVIEW

Converting a business to employee ownership is a practical solution for ownership succession, job stabilization, and employee retention. The process takes an investment of resources and experienced professional assistance to ensure long-term benefits. The conversion process is unique for each business, but generally has five stages.

#	Explore	Key stakeholders learn the conversion process	Varies	\$0
	Assess	Professionals assess financial and legal feasibility	3-6 months	\$5-10,000
o∏o O	Structure	Seller structures the deal Buyers structure any changes	6-12 months	\$10-25,000
	Complete	The business legally changes hands and loans are drawn	3-6 months	\$10-25,000
<u></u>	Support	Employees build ownership culture with outside support	Ongoing	\$25-50,000

Many steps in the process require specialized technical assistance. Local conversion guides should join the Workers to Owners collaborative to learn and partner with an experienced pool of professionals.

#### TRANSITION CHECKLIST (SHORT VERSION)

For a more complete checklist, visit our website or inquire to conversions@institute.coop

Explore	<ul> <li>Initial consultation with key stakeholders to understand their needs, vision, and realities</li> <li>Determine transaction type (asset or stock transfer) and any atypical needs</li> <li>Client does background reading and talks to other companies that converted</li> <li>Client makes decision on whether to invest resources in moving forward</li> </ul>
Assess	<ul> <li>□ Sign phased technical assistance contract for current and milestone-dependent future work</li> <li>□ Business valuation and financial analysis</li> <li>□ Choice of legal entity and capital structure analysis</li> <li>□ Leadership and management succession plan analysis</li> </ul>
Structure	<ul> <li>□ Work with finance institutions, other experts to obtain outside financing, if needed</li> <li>□ Work with lawyer to draft up documents for transaction</li> <li>□ Complete any pre-transaction elements of leadership succession plan.</li> <li>□ Facilitate a decision-making process around bylaws and governance structure</li> </ul>
Complete	<ul> <li>Create timeline for closing the transaction</li> <li>Coordinate the process whereby the documents are signed, financing is executed, and ownership is transferred</li> <li>Execute any transaction-timed elements of leadership succession plan</li> <li>Work with local lawyer to enact new democratic bylaws</li> </ul>
Support	☐ Create a long-term plan and budget for building and supporting an ownership culture ☐ Company follows plan to transition to new leadership and/or practices ☐ Implementation of policies and ongoing training ☐ Pathway for new employee-owner entrance and exit is clear as business grows
	Assess Structure Complete

#### Is conversion to cooperative ownership the right fit?

- I want the positive impacts I've built into my business good jobs, connection to our community, best practices in our sector – to last beyond my time as the owner.
- I believe the risks and rewards of ownership can reinforce a culture of high quality work and shared responsibility that improves productivity and the bottom line.
- I want to receive a fair value from the sale of the business I have built and feel the employees might value the company as much, or more, than an outside buyer.

#### What needs to be in place (ideally)?

- Management continuity Current qualified manager or ability to recruit and train the manager
- Worker interest Not everyone will jump in at first, but you will need a critical mass
- Viable business Worker ownership is not a silver bullet for an unprofitable business\*
- Operational systems and documentation Functional documented systems and clean books (bookkeeping, operations, etc)
- Financing The business needs to be loan-ready, and generally (but not always) the seller finances a portion

#### Common challenges

- ▶ Timeline
- Expense
- Financing
- Qualified technical assistance
- Employee hesitation/skepticism/capacity
- Owner assets

# STORY: Island Employee Cooperative



### Stonington: the lobster capital of the world





#### **OVERVIEW**

Industry: Grocery/Retail Variety

Year converted: 2014

Total capital: \$5,600,000

Annual revenue at sale date: \$12 million

Worker-owner buy-in: \$7,000

Worker-owners: 45 (62 employees)

Primary financing source: 5.5%, 7-yr term, 1-yr interest only

Lenders: 5

#### Some starting understanding of co-ops and democratic governance:

Stonington Lobster Co-op

Associated Grocers of New England

Blue Hill Food Co-op

Independent Retailers Shared Services Cooperative

Local government

#### **Some Innovations**

Commitment to buy Class A and Class B shares over time considered as equity by lenders

Loan covenants requiring substantial TA contracts into the future as added "loan insurance"

IRS 1042 Rollover – benefit to seller

Training grants from Eastern Maine Community College

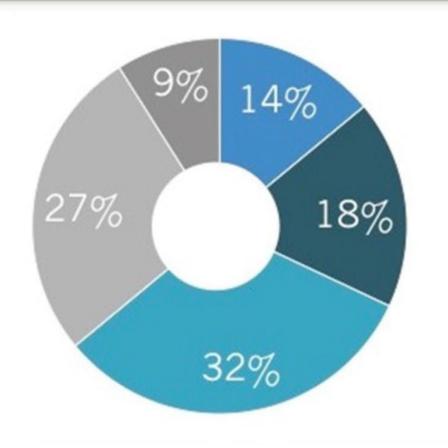
#### **Some Challenges**

- Limited/no entrepreneurial experience
- Existing "Boss Culture"
- · Complexity and variety of businesses
- Immediate exit of owner on short timeline
- No up-front employee equity
- No models to look to
- Building the culture after the conversion
- Hours of operation

#### **Partners for transition**

- CDI
- Independent Retailers Shared Services Cooperative
- Specialized Accounting Services
- Coastal Enterprises Inc.
- Cooperative Fund of the northeast
- National Cooperative Bank
- Associated Grocers of New England
- Small business development center

#### Financing for transition



- Senior debt (CFNE)
- Senior debt (CEI)
- Senior debt (NBC)
- Subordinate debt (Seller)
- Vendor debt (First on inventory only)

#### **Bad Deal Structure: the fallout**





https://www.wabi.tv/content/news/Worker-Owned-Business-Thriving-in-Stonington-487157531.html



# Questions

#### Survey

Please share your feedback to help us improve future webinars



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#### **GROCERY-MUNICIPAL PARTNERSHIPS**

Thursday, October 20, 2022